## **QUESTION NO 1**

### **Akram Manufacturing Company**

### Cost of goods sold statement

### For the period ended .....

	Rs.	Rs.
Direct Material:		
Raw material Purchases	150,000	
Less: Purchases Return	2,000	
	148,000	
Less: Raw material inventory increase by	15,500	
Raw material used / Consumed / Put into process		132,500
Add: Direct Labour Cost		125,000
Prime Cost		257,500
Add: Manufacturing Overhead		75,000
Total Factory Cost		332,500
Add: Work in process Inventory Decrease by		<u>18,900</u>
Cost of goods manufactured		351,400
Less: Finished Goods Inventory Increase by		<u>(8,700)</u>
Cost of goods sold		<u>342,700</u>

### **QUESTION NO 2**

#### (a) <u>Schedule of Equivalent Production:</u>

Material =  $1,616 \div 10 + (70 \times 4/5) = 1,682$  units Labour =  $1,616 \div 10 + (70 \times 3/5) = 1,668$  units F.O.H =  $1,616 \div 10 + (70 \times 3/5) = 1,668$  units

<b>(</b> a)	Cost of Production Report:		
	Zakir electric Indu	ustry	
	Department No	2	
	Cost of Production	renort	
	For the neriod ended An	- oport	
1	Quantity Schedule:	II IInits	Units
1.	<u>Ouantity Schedule.</u>	Omts	Onits
	Units received from preceding department		<u>1,700</u>
	Units completed and transferred	1.616	
		1,010	
	Units completed but not transferred	10	
	Units still in process	70	
	Units lost in process (Normal)	4	
			1 700
		$O_{i}$	<u>1,700</u>
2.	Cost charged to the department:		
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Cost	P.U. Cost
		Rs.	Rs.
1.	Cost received from preceding dept.	4,324,800	<u>2,544</u>
11.	Cost added by the dept.	2 767 680	2 240
	I abour cost	5,707,080	2,240
	E O H Cost	420,330	232
	Revised per unit cost (Due to lost units)	-	2 5 5 0
	Revised per unit cost (Due to fost units)	8.893.120	$\frac{2,330}{5,270}$
		<u>0,075.120</u>	<u></u>
3.	Cost accounted for as follows:	Rs.	Rs.
	a. Cost of units completed & transferred		
	= 1,616 units × Rs. 5,270 $=$		8,516,320
	b. <u>Cost of units completed but not transferred:</u>		
	$= 10 \text{ units} \times \text{Rs. } 5,270 =$		52,700
	c. <u>Cost of units still in process</u>		
	1. <u>Cost received from preceding dept.</u>	170 500	
	$= 70 \text{ units } \times \text{ Rs. } 2,550 =$	1/8,500	
	II. Cost added by the dept. Material Cost = $70 \times 4/5 \times P_{0}$ , 2,240 =	125 440	
	$Labour cost = 70 \times 3/5 \times Rs. 2,240 =$	12,440	
	$F \cap H Cost = 70 \times 3/5 \times Rs \cdot 252 =$	9 576	
	1.0.11005t 70.05757 Ks. 220 =	2,570	
			324,100
	Total cost accounted for		8,893,120

### 4. <u>Computation explanation:</u>

i.	<u>Equivalent pr</u>	oduction:			
	Material	= 1,682 units			
	Labour	= 1,668 units			
	F.O.H	= 1,668 units			
ii.	Per unit cost	_		Rs.	
	Material cost	= 3,767,680 ÷ 1,682	=	2,240	
	Labour cost	$=420,336$ $\div$ 1,668	=	252	
	F.O.H cost	= 380,304 ÷ 1,668	=	228	
				2	
 111.	Revised per uni	it cost of preceding dep	<u>pt.</u>	coli	
	(Due to lost un	its)			
	= <u>4,324,800</u>		X	2	
	1,696				
			QUESTION N	IO 3	-
		4	$\mathcal{O}$		
i.	<u>Economic</u>	<u>e Order Quantity:</u>	X		
	Annual M	aximum requirement	= R = 48,000  un	its	
	Per Unit C	Cost	= Rs. 4 per t	unit	
	Ordering	Cost	= P = Rs. 9 per c	order	
	Carrying	Cost	$=$ C $=$ 15% $=$ 4 $\times$	$\frac{15}{100} = Rs.0.60$	
	E.O.Q	$h = \frac{\sqrt{2 \times R \times P}}{C \times I}$			
		$=\frac{\sqrt{2\times 48,000\times 9}}{}$			
		0.60			

E.O.Q = 1,200 units

#### ii. <u>Number of order needs to be placed:</u>

	No of orders $=\frac{Annual Maximum}{E.0}$	m Requirement .Q		
	$=\frac{48,000 \text{ units}}{1,200 \text{ units}}$ No of orders = 40 orders			
	QUES	TION NO 4		
i.	The overhead rate per pound:			
	Overhead rate per pound = $\frac{Annual e}{a}$	stimated F.O.H Cost	for normal capacity	
		Anuual Normal C	apacity	
	$=\frac{Rs.144}{180.000 r}$	,000	~	
	Overhead Pate - Ps. 0.80 per pound		21	
ii.	Spending Variance for June: Actual F.O.H Cost		<u>Rs.</u>	<u>Rs.</u> 7,700
<u>Es</u>	timated F.O.H Cost for 10,000 pounds Fixed F.O.H Cost = 36,000 / 12	<u>:</u> =	3,000	
+	Variable F.O.H Cost:			
	= 10,000 Pounds × Rs. 0.60 (w-1)	=	6,000	9,000
	Favorable			<u>1,300</u>
iii.	<u>Idle Capacity Variance for June:</u> Estimated F.O.H Cost for 10,000 pou	nds =		<b>Rs.</b> 9,000
	Applied F.O.H Cost:			
	$= 10,000 \text{ pounds} \times \text{Rs. } 0.80$	=		8,000
	Unfavorable		=	(1,000)

#### WORKINGS:

#### (w-1) Variable F.O.H Rate:

= <u>Estimated Variable F.O.H cost</u> <u>Normal Capacity</u>

= *Rs*.108,000

180,000 pounds

Variable F.O.H Rate = Rs. 0.60 Per Pound

QUESTION NO 5		
a. <u>Arshad:</u> Standard Time= 200 hours Time Taken = 210 hours Time saved = Nil Basic Wage Rate = Rs. 25 per hour		
Total Earnings:		
Basic wages:		
$= Time taken \times Rate per hour                                     $		
$= 210 \text{ hours} \times \text{Rs. } 25 = 5,250$		
+ Bonus -		
Total earnings <u>5,250</u>		
<u>Earning Per Hour:</u>		
= Total earnings Time taken		
$=\frac{Rs.5,250}{210 hours}$		
= Rs. 25 per hours		



Time taken	= 120 hours		
Time saved	= 80 hours		
Time saved in % age	$=\frac{Time\ saved}{Standard\ Time}$ × 100		
	$=\frac{80 hours}{200 hours} \times 100$		
	= 40%		
Basic wage rate	= Rs. 25 per hour		
<u>Time saved in % age</u>	<b>Time Saved in Hours</b>		<u>Bonus rate</u>
<u>20%</u>	(200 × 20%) =40 hrs		10%
20%	(200 × 20%) =40 hrs		25%
40%	80 hours	~	
<u>Total earnings:</u>		Rs.	Rs.
Basic wage			
= Time taken × Basic wage r	rate per hour	5.	
= 120 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 =	.0		3,000
+ Bonus	15to		
= Time saved × rate per hour	r × bonus rate		
= 40 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 $\times$ 10%	=	100	
= 40 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 $\times$ 25%	= 11	250	350
Total	earnings		3,350
Earning per hour:			
$=\frac{Total\ earnings}{Time\ taken}$			
$=\frac{Rs.\ 3,350}{120\ hours}$			
Earning per hour	= Rs. 27.9167		
<b>d.</b> <u>Naheed:</u> Standard time = 200 Time taken Time saved Time saved in % age	hours = 50 hours = 150 hours = $\frac{Time \ saved}{Standard \ Time} \times 100$		
	$=\frac{150 \text{ hours}}{200 \text{ hours}} \times 100$		

Posio wogo rato	= 75%		
Time seved in % age	- KS. 25 per nour		Ponus rata
<u>200/</u> (200)	111111111111111111111111111111111111		
<u>20%</u> (200 ×	(20%) = 40  hrs		10%
<u>    30%    </u>	$(200 \times 20\%) = 40 \text{ hrs}$		25%
<u>    30%    </u>	<u>(200 × 30%) =60 hrs</u>		50%
<u>5%</u>	$(200 \times 5\%) = 10 \text{ hrs}$		<u>30%</u>
75%	<u>150 hours</u>		
<u>Total earnings:</u>		Rs.	Rs.
Basic wage			
= Time taken × Basic wage n	rate per hour	<b>~</b>	
= 50 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 =		d'	1,250
+ Bonus		CO.	
= Time saved × rate per hour	$\times$ bonus rate	<b>)</b> .	
= 40 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 $\times$ 10%	=	100	
= 40 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 $\times$ 25%	=	250	
= 60 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 $\times$ 50%	=	750	
= 10 hours $\times$ Rs. 25 $\times$ 30%	=	75	1,175
Total earnings			<u>2,425</u>
<u>Earning per hour:</u>	all and a second s		
$=\frac{Total\ earnings}{Time\ taken}$	1.		
$=\frac{Rs.\ 2,425}{50\ hours}$			
Earning per hour	= Rs. 48.50		

<b>QUESTION NO 6</b>
General Ledger's Journal

Head office books (General Ledger)	Factory office books (Factory Ledger)
(a)(i) Factory Ledger 160,000	Store 160,000
Voucher payable 160,000	General Ledger 160,000
(Direct material and indirect material purchased and	(Direct material and indirect material received
sent to factory)	from head office)
(ii) Voucher payable 5,000	General Ledger 5,000
Factory Ledger 5,000	Store 5,000

(Direct material return to supplier)	(Direct material return to supplier)
(b)(i) Selling expense 5,000	WIP 120,000
Factory Ledger 5,000	FOH Control A/c 15,000
(Material supplies issues from store)	General ledger 5,000
	Store 140,000
	(Material issued from store)
(ii) No entry	Store 7,000
	WIP 5,000
	FOH Control 2,000
	(Material returned to store)
(c) Factory Ledger 10,000	WIP 10,000
Voucher payable 10,000	General Ledger 10,000
(Direct material purchased and sent to factory)	(Direct material received from head office and
	sent for production)
(d)(i) Payroll 125,000	
Income tax payable 5,000	
Provident fund payable 12,500	No entry
Accrued payroll 107,500	
(Total payroll and deduction recorded)	
(ii) Accrued payroll 107,500	
Voucher payable 107,500	No entry
(Accrued payroll vouched)	
(iii) Voucher payable107,500	(Q)
Cash A/c 107,500	No entry
(Amount of voucher paid)	
(iv) Selling expense 20,000	WIP 120,000
Administrative expense 15,000	FOH Control A/c 15,000
Factory ledger 90,000	General ledger 5,000
Payroll 125,000	(Distribution of factory payroll)
(Distribution of total payroll)	
(v) Selling expense 2,000	FOH Control A/c 9,000
Administrative expense 1,500	General ledger 9,000
Factory ledger 9,000	(Employer's contribution in employee's
Provident fund 12,500	provident fund)
(Employer's contribution in employee's provident	
fund)	
(e) Factory ledger 50,000	FOH Control A/c 50,000
Prepaid insurance 5,000	General ledger 50,000
Accumulated Dep 10,000	(Factory overhead recorded)
Voucher Payable 35,000	
(Factory overhead recorded)	
(1) Administrative Expenses 6,000	
Selling expenses 4,000	No entry
Accumulated Dep 10,000	
(Depreciation expenses recorded)	
(g) Voucher payable 110,000	No entry

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Cash A/c 107.800	
Discount A/c 2,200	
(Voucher paid @ 2%discount)	
(h) No entry	WIP 70,000
	FOH Applied 70,000
	(FOH applied to production @ 100% of direct
	labour cost)
(i) No entry	Finished Goods 200,000
	WIP 200,000
	(Finished goods completed)
(j)(i) Cost of goods sold 180,000	General Ledger 180,000
Factory ledger 180,000	Finished goods 180,000
(Cost of goods sold recorded)	(Cost of goods sold recorded)
(ii) Cash A/c 120,000	
Accounts receivable 135,000	No entry
Sales 255,000	
(Cash and credit sales recorded)	
$(k)(1) \text{ Sales return} \qquad 12,000$	
Accounts receivable 12,000	No entry
(Credit sales return)	<b>P 1 1 7</b> 500
Factory Ledger /,500	Finished goods /,500
Cost of goods sold /,500	General Ledger 7,500
(Cost of sales return recorded)	(Cost of sales return recorded)
	2`~
$O_{0}$	
X. I.	
<i>2</i> ,	